
The Girl at the Theatre

The social laws which govern girls at the theatre, the opera, the concert and at all places of public entertainment, have perhaps never been so clearly or so concisely pointed out as they are



By Mrs. Burton Harrison

in the February LADIES' HOME JOURNAL, in the fourth of her popular series of articles on "The Well-Bred Girl in Society."

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THE MAYBRICK CASE. England's Brutality. By DR. HELEN DENSMORE.

With Open Letter from Gall Hamilton to the complete exposition of the case, proving MRS.

MAYBRICE'S innocence. Price 25 cents. All news stands and booksellors, or mailed, postage free, by STILLMAN & CO., 1,398 Brondway, N. Y. C HEAP EDITIONS—James Grant, Mayne Reid, Max well, Marryat, Ainsworth, Cooper, Dumas, Hugo PRATT, 155 6th av.

THE WARRING BROOKLYN ALDERMEN A Rumor Golug About that Harmony Has

Bren Restored in the Board, It is said that the split between the Demoeratic members of the Brooklyn Board of Aldermen has been patched up, and that the proceedings at to-day's session will reveal a restoration of harmonious relations. The trouble is thought to have originated in a dispute over certain railroad franchises in which ex-Register James Kane, the powerful South Brooklyn leader, was interested. Aldermen Wafer and Heaney advocated some measures at Mr. Kane's suggestion, and thereby antagonized Aldermen Coffey, the President of the Board of Aldermen, McGrath, and McKee, and the squabilie virtually resulted in a deadlock in the Board. The troutle was intensified recently when the Atlantic Avenue Railroad Company was sold and two lucky Aldermen made a neat little pile by disposing of some etock which they had bought in anticipation of the deal, thus causing dissatisfaction among some of their colleagues who did not get the tip about the sale.

It will now be interesting to see what action the Aldermen will take in adjusting the rival applications of the Kings County Railroad Company and the Brooklyn City Railroad Company for some valuable franchises which the latter is willing to pay \$250,000. Brooklyn leader, was interested. Aldermen

THEY CAME TO SEE A HANGING. The Prisoner Did His Best to Amuse the

Crowd and Partly Succeeded. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 12.-A. L. Fonso Elindo, a Mexican, was to have been hanged at Floresville, 20 miles south of here, on Friday, for the murder of a rich ranchman whom he robbed. A few hours before the time set for

robbed. A few hours before the time set for the execution a telegram was received by the Sheriff from Gov. Hogg commuting the condemned sentence to imprisonment for life. The scaffold had been creeted and a new suit of clothes purchased for Elizondo, who looked upon the proposed fatal proceedings as a kind of lark. The Sheriff, the prisoner, and the entire populate of the town and surrounding country were disappointed.

Something had to be done to amuse the throng which had come to witness the hangling. The prisoner was marched to the scaffold and the rope was carolully adjusted. The Sheriff took his stand at the trapdoor lever, and, upon the command of the crowd. Elizonde danced a lig with the black cap drawn over his face and the rope around his neck. He kept the crowd amused with his dancing for an hour and was then marched back to his cell.

JOE CHEE RAN FOR HIS LIFE.

A Chinaman Chased by a Mob of Howling Urchins in City Hall Park.

On Sunday afternoons a crowd of newsboys and street urchins are in the habit of gathering in the City Hall Park to skate and toss pennies. The penny tossers don't bother pennies. The penny tossers don't bother people much, but the roller skaters are a torror to peaceable pedestrians.

Joe Chee, a mild-eyed resident of Mott street, ventured into the park yesterday afternoon and succeeded in getting more than his share of the youngsters attention. Finally, becoming desperate, he soundly cuffed the ears of one of his tormentors. The next instant he was flying around the park with half a hundred howling street Arabs at his heels. Jue lost his hat, but flew on, expecting every minute to feel his pursuers grab his unwound pig-tall.

tail.

"Murder!" yelled Joe, and the boys sent up an answering howl, while some cut cross lots to head him off. Just then a big park policeman dashed around the corner of the City Hall, and the Chinaman flew to him for protection. The crowd of boys meited away, and Joe was safely escorted to a Third avenue car, where he sank exhausted into a corner.

A Farmer's Wife Missing.

SARATOGA. Feb. 12.-About four weeks ago Mrs. Randall, the wife of E. M. Handall, a wellto-do farmer of Ballston Centre, suddenly and mysteriously disappeared from her home, and since then nothing has been learned of her whereabouts. Mrs. Randall is 32 years old and of handsome face and figure. It is believed to be an elopement, and that she has gone away in the company of a man of the name of Williams, a farm hand, who worked for Mr. Randall leat summer. Williams left the liandalt farm at the close of the sesson. He and Mrs. Randall have kept up a correspondence. Mrs. Randall had a bank account in her own name, and her husband gets some satisfaction from the fact that she has not drawn out her account. Detectives have been working on the case, but they could get no clue to the wherebouts either of Williams or of Mrs. Randall. since then nothing has been learned of her

Opposed to Dock Work Done by Contract The Bay Labor Club of Dock Builders held a meeting yesterday afternoon in Union Odd Fellows' Hall, 325 Bowery, to protest against Assemblyman Webster's bill to have the work of the Dock Department done by contract instead of directly by the city. Delegates were present from the ship carpenters', caulkers', and ship joiners'unions.

Several of the speakers said that the contractors will not employ American citizens, but horwegians and bwe-les, who work here in the winter and go to see in the summer.

Resolutions were passed demouncing the

winter and go to sea in the summer.
Resolutions were passed denouncing the
measure, and Fdwin Curier and William MeNaire were appointed a committee to go to Albany and oppose the bill

The Pennsylvania's Washington Trains. The superb service of trains rms by the Pennsylvania Railroad between New York and Washington makes this the feverite line to the capital. The trains are fast and frequent—adm.

Sermons by PHILLIPS BROOKS. Any one of the five vo'umes, issued at \$1.75 each, given free for one new subscription to THE CHURCHMAN.

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 31 West 23d Street.

LETTER CARRIERS' MASS MEETING. They Combine to Urge the Passage of the Increased Salary Bill.

Eight hundred letter carriers in the New York Post Office held a mass meeting at the Lyceum Opera House, Thirty-fourth street and Third avenue, yesterday afternoon. The object of the meeting was to petition the New York delegation in Congress to use its efforts to secure the passage of the increased salary bill now pending in the House. John U. Passon of the general Post Office presided at the meeting. A committee consisting of James McVey, general Post Office, Henry Fitzgerald, Station J. and Thomas Murphy, Station I., was appointed to go to Washington to request the House Committee on Rules to allow the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads more time to consider the bill.

At the close of the meeting, Carrier Thomas F. O'Malley of Station A, who has been in the service for seventeen years, and who was a short time ago transferred to San Francisco, made a farewell address. This is the longest transfer in the history of the department. The carriers of Station A presented to Mr. O'Malley a gold watch and chain. York delegation in Congress to use its efforts

Funeral of Mittens Willett.

The funeral of Mittens Willett, the actress. was held in St. Mark's Church, Second avenue and Tenth street, at 2:30 o'clock, yesterday afternoon. But few persons besides the immediate family were present. The Rev. Dr. ltylance officiated. The body was put temporily in a vault in the Marble Cemetery in Second street.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PINIATURE ALMANAC THIS DAY. GIGH WATER-THIS DAY, Sandy Hook 4 51 | Gov. Island, 5 18 | Hell Gate. 7 07 Arrived-Suspar, Feb. 12

Arrived—Sunar, Feb. 12.

Sa La Bourgone, Leboeuf, Havre.
Sa Germanic, Nicol, Queenstown.
Sa Royai Prince. Colton, Matanzas.
Sa City of Angusta, Catherine, Savannah.
Sa City of Angusta, Catherine, Savannah.
Sa Kity of Angusta, Catherine, Savannah.
Sa Kity of Angusta, Catherine, Savannah.
Sa Kity of Angusta, Nortolk.
Sa Wannah.
Sa Guyande, Washerman, West Point, Va.
Sa Hara Bravo, Johnsen, Pernambuco.
Hark Bravo, Johnsen, Pernambuco.
Hark Competitor, Rosenbaum, Pillau,
[For later arrivals see First Paga]

ARRITED OUT.

Se Ludgste Hill from New York, at Havre. Se Ludgste Hill from New York, off Prawle Point.

TAILED PROM POSSIGN PORTS Sa Aurania, from Queenstown for New York, sa La Champagne, from flavre for New York, Sa Veendam, from Betterlam for New York, Sa Braunchweig, from Bremen for New York OUTGOING STRANSHIPS.

1 :00 P. M. Sail To-morros. 1.00 P. M INCOMING STRANSHIPS

totteriam trooklyn City. Persian Monarch. Du Tuesday, Jeb 14. ... Liverpool. harmley, Ich 16 Rotterdam . Dundee . Laguayra Philadelphia. Due Iredus, 1el. 17. Due Faruda . 1 ch. 18. Bremen London

Zusmess Motices.

Frightened Wife—Haby has the whooping cough, and we are all out of Adamson's Balsam, Husband-Heavens'! I must get some at one Cures coughs. Trial bottles 10 cents. Kinsman's, 25th at and 4th av.

DIED.

CLARK .- On Priday, Feb. 10, Bridget Clark, widow of James Clark, Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to at tend the funeral from her late residence, 465 26 aw., on Monday, Feb. 13, thence to the Church of the Epiphany, 2d av. and 21st st., where a solenn high mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul at 10 A.M. Interment in Calvary Ceme-tery.

LARKE. -On Saturday, Feb. 11, Susan A., wife of Funeral services at her late residence, 2n Cambridge

CORNELL. On Sunday morning, Feb 12 1898, John Keen Cornell, edded son of John M and Sarah Keen Cornell, in the 16th year of his age.

CUMISKY,-Suddenly, on Feb. 8, 1893, Mary, the

beloved wife of the late Thomas Comisky. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, 31 Domi nick at, on Monday, Feb. 13; thence to St. Anthony's Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her som at 10 A. M. sharp. Interment in Calvary. CUTTING .- Entered into rest on the 10th inst.

Charles Weed Cutting, in the foth year of his age.
Funeral services at Trinity Church, Bergen Point, at
4 P. M. Monday, Feb. 18. Interment at Woodlawn. DE MILLE, Suddenly, on Feb 10, at his home Pompton, N. J., Henry Churchill De Mille, in his 40th year.

Services at Christ Church, Pompton, to-day at 2 P.M.

Carriages will meet train leaving New York at 12 o'clock, via N. Y., Susquebanna and Western R. R. Interment private. DOUBLEDAY,-At Tryon, N. C., on Saturday, Pob.

11, 1893, Ulysses Doubleday. Notice of funeral bereafter. DUNN.—John Duna died Feb. 12, 1898. Funeral Tucsday, 11 A. M., from his late residence, 94 Palisade av., Jersey City Heights, N. J.

GALLAGHER .- On Saturday, Feb. 11, 1898, Jesephine, infant daughter of James A. and Lizzie I., Gallagher, aged 1 month. GIBSON.—At Thomasville, Ga., on Friday, Feb. 10,

James Gibson, Jr., aged 37 years.

Funeral from his father's residence, 233 Orden st. Newark, N. J., on Monday, Feb 18, at 2 o'clock GRACE,-On Sunday, Feb. 12, Peter Grace, in his

Funeral from his late residence, 41 3d av., Tuesday, 14th inst., 1 o'clock sharp, HEANEY.—At Newtown, L. I., on Feb. 10, 1898,

Nathaniel Heaney, aged 46 years.
Funeral services will be held at the Presbyterian Church, Newtown, on Monday, the 13th inst., at 2:30 o'clock. Train leaves Long Island City 2 o'clock HICKS,—At Little Neck, L. I., Feb. 10, 1893, Rescum 8. Hicks, in his 69th year, Funeral from Reformed Church, Manhasset, L. I., on

Feb. 14, at 2:30 P. M. Train leaves Long Island City at 1 P.M. Carriages in waiting at Great Neck, JENNINGS, On Sunday, Feb. 12, 1893, at his resi-dence, 48 Park av. Giver Burr Jennings. Notice of funeral hereafter. California papers please

JOURNEAY .-- On Sunday, Feb. 12, at bis residence, 162 Hewes st., Brooklyn, E. D., Albert Journeay. Funeral services at his late residence on Tuesday evening, Feb. 14, at 8 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

LA D D.—On Saturday, at 7:30 A. M., Eugenia M., wife

of William J. Ladd. Funeral services at residence, 20 Willow av., Plain-field, N. J., on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Take the 6:30 train from Liberty st., New York.

LOGAN .- On Friday morning, at St. Vincent's Hos pital, Dr. Josu K. Logan, strengthened and consoled with the sacraments of the Church. Bis relatives and friends are invited to the solemn

requiem mass and funeral on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock in St. Paul's Church, East 117th st. R. L. P. beloved wife of Charles H. Saxer.

Funeral from the Courch of our Lady of Mercy, Monday, Feb 13, at 10:30 A. M. The remains leave Fort Chester at 12:26 for interment in Calvary SCHMID,-At her late residence, 16 East 80th at .

on Thursday, Feb. 0, at 7s o'clock P. M., Josephine, eldest daughter of Josephine and the late August Schmid, aged 21 years. Funeral services at St. Patrick's Cathedral, 5th av.

and 50th st. on Monday, the 18th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Please omit flowers. SEARLES.-On Sunday, Feb. 12, at his residence in Brooklyn, the Kev. John E. Searles, in his 7sth year. The funeral services will be held at the New York Avenue M. E. Church, corner Dean st., on Tuesday

evening at 8 o'clock. SINNOTT .- On Friday, 10th that, at his late restdence, 72 First place, Brooklyn, Matthew Sinnot Hicks and Summit sts. on Monday, 13th fast, at

9:30 A. M. Relatives and friends are invited. In-WOOD, On Sunday, Feb. 12, at his residence in Fordham, Edward Blakeley Wood, aged 55, for twenty years with the Colwell Lead Company.

Special Motices. BROWN'S CAMPHORATED SAPONA CEOUS DENTIFACE is the best tooth powder in the world for preserving the teeth. "HEFRESHING AND DELICIOUS." Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Diriernds and Juterest.

THURBER, WHYLAND COMPANY, Office in New York, 116 Reade at. 1843.
At a meeting of the Staard of Director field, 1843, a semi-annual dividend of four per cent upon the cape-ferral thock was declared, payable on the 23d day of February, 1863, to sheekholders of record Feb. 15, 13d St. Transfer books will close Feb. 15 at 5 P. M., and reopen Feb. 25 at 10 A. M.
Checks for dividends will be mailed to stockholders on the 23d inst.

on the 23d inst.

By order of the Board of Directors.

By order of the Board of Directors.

GEORGE B. HOWARD, Secretary. ST. PAUL AND BULLUTH RAILROAD COMPANY.

ST. NASSAU SI., NEW YURK, Jan. 27, 1893.
A dividend of 38, per cent, on the Preferred Stock of this company has been declared, payable at this office on and after March J. 1893. The Transfer Books of the Preferred Stock will be closed at 3 P. M. Monday, Jan. 30, 1893, and respend on the lat day of March, Leas. G. G. HAVEN, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer.

Clertions and Meetings.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Sixth Avenus Hailroad dompany for the election of thirteen directors will be held at the depet, 6th av. and eld st. on Tuesday. Fen. 14. 1890, 12 to 1 ociock; transfer books closed Jan. 14-Feb. 14. GARRISON.

E. H. GARRISON.

Secretary.

THE BANKS AND THE TREASURY.

The defeat, in the United States Senate last Monday, by a vote of nearly two to one, of Senator Hill's metion to take up a bill to repeal the Sherman act, was followed on Thursday by an equally effectual though less overwhelming defeat in the House of Representatives of a motion involving substantially the same issue. Both branches of the present Congress have thus squarely refused to take even the first step toward putting an end to the addition, through the purchase of silver, of nearly \$4,000,000 per month to the country's supply of paper money. Coincident with their action, and partly anticipating it, some of the banks of this city have come to the aid of the Government in its task of maintaining gold payments, and, by transferring to the Treasury a few millions of their gold, they have replenished to a moderate extent its fast waning stock of the metal.

An extra session of the new Congress, whose term begins on the 4th of next month, is now looked to as a means of securing the currency legislation which the present Congress refuses to grant. Upon what grounds the new Congress may be expected to be less friendly than the present one to the silver dollar, and less hostile to any measure for the maintenance of gold payments, has not been revealed. On general principles the Western and Southern Senators and representatives may be assumed to be on the side of the free coinage of silver. Their constituents are more or less in debt, and have no means of paying their debts but the products of the soil, which are now bringing low prices, and which, either with free silver coinage or with the steady increase of paper money going on un der the Sherman act, are likely to sell at higher prices. Nothing short of a personal canvass or a test vote will show to what extent their action will be uninfluenced by local interests and in accordance with the desires of this part of the country Anyway, considerable time must clause before the new Congress, even if it should be called together on the 4th of March, will be organ ized and ready for work. We may as well therefore, make up our minds to endure the operations of the Sherman act, certainly for the rest of this month, and, most probably for a month longer. Whether, too, after that, anything will be done to suspend or modify the act is as yet doubtful. It is in bringing us listinctly to this conclusion that the votes of Congress last week are important, and they mark the week as the most eventful financially, of the present year.

Great pains have been taken to disseminate the impression that the contribution of gold to the Treasury from the New York banks was purely voluntary and unsolicited. That it was voluntary in the sense of not having been comnelled by force or threats, is undoubtedly true and it is also probably true that it was not formally asked for. But everybody who knows how such things are usually managed feels perfectly sure that the Secretary of the Treasury must have indirectly appealed to the banks concerned for the help they have given him, and must have backed up his appeal by statements of fact and by arguments which put upon them a moral pressure which they could not resist. His manipulation of the national finances, ever since the Presidential election, has been directed to the single purpose of staying off the catastrophe which he sees impending, until the new Administration takes office, and this last exploit is in entire keeping with that course of conduct.

A great deal of applause, too, has been wor by the institutions who have thus magnanimously surrendered their gold to help tide the present Secretary of the Treasury over the remainder of his term, and to throw upon his successor the task of extricating the nation from its financial embarrassment, but it is altogether undeserved. If, indeed, by transferring to the Treasury a part or even the whole of their stock of the metal, these institutions had permanently averted the suspension of gold payments, they would have conferred a great boon to the country, and their action would have been most praiseworthy. As it is, they have weakened themselves to no good purpose, and, so far as they have delayed the catastrophe they sought to avert, they also have delayed the legislation necessary to prevent it. For so long as the Treasury maintains gold payments, so long will the friends of silver and cheap money be apparently justified in saying that we are in no danger of suspending them.

It is easy to understand how a bank presi dent may dread the panic which many believe will follow the actual failure by the United States to continue to meet its obligations in gold. He may take the same view of the matter that the Governor of the Bank of England did of the Baring crisis, and throw his institution, for the benefit of the community, boldly into the chasm yawning before him. Still, it must be remembered that in these modern days chasms are not filled by casting into them a single Curtius. They demand a bulk of matter equal to the vacant space which they measure. To hope that an outflow of gold to the amount of \$4,000,000 or \$5,000,000 a week can be counteracted by a contribution of single week's supply is to hope without warrant. If the Sherman act continues in operation for six months longer, as it is likely to do. it is extremely probable that all the gold in the banks of the city will scarcely meet the demands that will be made for it.

Indeed, there are indications that some o

the officers of the banks inscribed upon last week's "roll of honor" are beginning to suspect that they have made a mistake, and desire to retrace their steps. So far as they rely, for a return of the gold they have contributed. upon the sale of bonds under the Redemption act of 1875, they rely upon a very fragile support. In spite of all that the newspapers say, no prudent Secretary of the Treasury will venture to put in force a law, the object of which was accomplished fourteen years ago, and which has ever since lain dormant. That purpose was strictly limited to the redemption in coin"-not in "gold"-of the legal tender notes outstanding Jan. 1, 1870, all of which have been duly retired and replaced by new ones. The act, therefore, only doubtfully applies to the legal tender notes now outstanding, and it certainly does not to the \$130,000, 000 coin notes issued under the Sherman act. Nor can any Secretary with \$108,000,000 gold in his vaults, besides his silver, honestly say that he needs coin for redemption purposes. The remarkable pertinacity with which an error which has once gained a lodgment in no act was ever passed explicitly requiring

Unless, therefore, the officers of the banks which have made these contributions of gold to the Treasury have an understanding, express or implied, with Secretary Foster to repay them the gold at all hazards whenever they ask for it. they have unnecessarily put i in jeopardy. Not only, too, have they failed to delay for more than a brief period the inevita ble suspension of gold payments which the Sherman act is bringing on, but they have created an obstacle in the way of the repeal of the act which previously did not exist. moreover, they expected to allay the fears of the public and inspire it with confidence in the future, they have been disappointed. They Treasury and the immensity of its peril, and the effect of the exhibition is shown in the fall is stocks which immediately followed

fall has no reasonable justification, but it shows the timidity which this ill-judged attempt of the banks has produced in the public mind. A further evil consequence has been an increase in the disposition of people to hoard gold or to send it abroad for safe keeping. Our city banks and trust companies are beginning already to have applications made to them to take gold on aperial deposit. Importers of foreign mer-chandise are remitting it abroad as fast as they can, in payment not only for purchase they have already made, but in anticipation of those they expect to make in future. For eigners who have had money lent out here are calling it home, and some enterprising operators are borrowing money from our own citizens to invest abroad, trusting to be able to

rapay their borrowings in paper at a discount

movement thus far has been limited in

extent, but that it has begun is significant. Precisely at what date we may expect the suspension of gold payments, to which the continued operation of the Sherman act is leading us, it is impossible to say. As much depends on the course of financial affairs abroad as upon that here. A decreased de-mand for gold there, aided by strenuous efforts here, may tide us over this spring, and the harvests of next summer may help us out again as they did in 1891. But that when the catastrophe comes it will not produce a panic I still believe. The exertions now making to avert suspension do far more harm to business than suspension will. The panics of 1857, 1860, 1873, and 1884 subsided as soon as the banks came together and agreed not to insist on the payment of debts in lawful money. So, now, whenever we desist from our endeavors to maintain gold payments relief will follow, prices will rise, and speculation go on briskly. I do not say that the remedy is dedrable, for its first benefits will be followed by a long train of mischiefs; but if we are destined to come to the use of a depreciated currency the sooner we do it the better.

MATTHEW MARSHALL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stock Exchange-Sales and Range of Prices of All Securities Dealt in Dur-ing the Week Ending Feb. 11, 1893. UNITED STATES AND STATE BONDS (IN \$1,000s

 Sales.
 Open-Bigh
 Long-Classics
 Classics
 BAILBOAD AND OTHER BONDS (IN \$1,000s).

11 A S.C. J. van. 65 | 1104, 110

men's minds sticks there is shown by the way in which so many people believe and assert that an act of Congress requires the Treasury always to keep on hand \$100,000,000 in gold for the redemption of legal tenders, and that it is virtually bankrupt whenever its stock of gold falls below that amount. The fact is that any sum whatever in gold or in any other metal to be kept in the Treasury as a reserve fund. The monthly statements of the Treasury do indeed mention such an item. but the authority for doing it is entirely a matter of imagination. Nor does either the Resumption act of 1875 or the Funding act of 1870, to which the l'esumption act refers, anywhere speak of redemption in gold or of payments is gold. The word invariably used is "coin," which embraces silver as well as gold coin.

the announcement of their action. The

*Ex dividend.
Total sales, 1,572,470 shares.

UNLISTED DEPARTMENT TRANSACTIONS. UNLISTED DEPARTMENT TRANSACTIONS,

false,

14/815 Amer. Fugar Ref. 183 16/41 15/16

30/75 Amer. Sugar Ref. 183 16/41 15/16

30/75 Amer. Fugar Ref. 183 16/41 15/16

30/75 Amer. Fugar Ref. 184 16/4 16/4

10/55 Amer. Fugar Ref. 185 16/5 16/5

10/55 Amer. Fugar Ref. 185 16/5

10/55 Amer. Fugar Ref. 185 16/5

10/55 Amer. Fugar Ref. 185 16/

BANK STOCKS. | Column | C

The sum of the Treasury balances at the close of business on Saturday was \$131,588,074. an increase as compared with the previous Saturday of \$1.403,271. National bank note circulation outstanding, \$174,054,754. Balance of deposits to redeem national bank notes, \$22,718,896, a decrease for the week of Statistics relating to silver bullion certificates dealt in on the Stock Exchange are as follows: Silver buillon: on hand Feb. 11.

555,062 ounces, a decrease of 60,004 cances for the week; certificates outstanding, 554. The dealings for the week were 3d,000 ounces, at 84@84%, closing at 83%@84. The weekly bank statement shows:

Leans ... \$460.00 \$464.284.10 Dec. \$520.00 Derseits 49.41.000 \$464.284.10 Dec. \$520.00 Derseits 49.41.000 \$464.284.10 Dec. \$727.000 Circulara 5.20.300 \$5.45.20 Inc. 48.240 Leg'll'ad 560.01 100 \$60.2 3.500 Inc. 1.072.40 pechs 80.361.800 To.044.000 Dec. \$417.800 Reserve \$142.522.000 \$140.177.500 Dec \$2.545.400 Be've re'd. 123,868,900 127,000,025 Dec. \$2.545.400 Sursing. \$18,054,000 \$17.240,547 pec. \$1,413.426 The surplus a year ago was \$83,488,625 and two years ago \$18,462,700.

Financial. New York Guaranty & Indemnity Co., SO CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK, OFFERS FOR SALE AT PAR

Henry R. Worthington,

the leading company of the world is

THE 7 PER CENT. CUMULATIVE

PREFERRED STOCK

the business of manufacturing Steam Pumps & Pumping Engines. CAPITAL STOCK.

Preferred, 20,000 Shares of \$100 each, \$2,000,000

Common, 55,000 Shares

of \$100 each, \$5,500,000

Statement of appraisers of high standing and certificate of chartered accountants are on file, and copies can be seen at our office.

These show Real Estate, Plant, and Cash assets (ALLOWING NOTE. ING FOR THE VERY VALUABLE PAT-ENTS AND GOOD WILL) to be nearly double the entire issue of preferred stock and profits for three years past to have averaged \$480,000 per annum, the amount necessary to pay the dividend upon the preferred

THE PREFERRED STOCK IS PRE PERRED AS TO DIVIDENDS AND AS-SETS, IS FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESS.

None of the sommon stock is offered for sale.

There is no bonded or floating indebtedness, and no mortgage can be placed on the property except by a vote of holders of 75 per cent. of the Temporary certificates will be issued by the New

Payments may be made 10 per cent on application and balance in thirty days thereafter, or full payment may be made at once. Interest will be allowed as dividend rate from payment until May 1, after which

Application to list the stock at the New York Stock

Kanawha & Michigan FIRST MORTGAGE FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Principal and Interest Absolutely Guar-anteed by the

Toledo & Ohio Central R. R. Co. Interest Payable April and October. The total issue is \$1,840,000, and is an absolute first

mortgage on the entire property of the Kanawha and Michigan R. R. comprising 134 miles of road, valuable

terminal properties, and a bridge over the Ohio Rives, which cost \$650,000. also equipment costing \$850,000. (Subject to \$43,000 equipment bonds.)

Issue of bonds on present miteage cannot exceed

For the year ending June 30th, 1892, the Kanawha

Excess of earnings over fixed charges \$25,416 41

The Toledo and Ohio Ceutral Railroad Company for the same period shows a surplus of \$500,300 over op-erating expenses, out of which dividends were paid on The Toledo and Ohio Central own a controlling interest in the stock of the Kanawha and Michigan Railroad,

Price 772 and accrued interest. Yielding his per cent, on the investment. Descriptive circular upon application

HALSEY & HUDNUT,

II Wall Street, New York.

KNICKERBOCKEN 284 FIFTH AVENUE, cor. 27TH ST. Branch, 18 Wall St. and S Nassau St. CAPITAL and SURPLUS, \$1,000,000. DISIGNATED LEGAL DEPOSITORY.

Interest allowed on deposits. Checks pass brough Clearing House same as on city banks.

acts as Executor or Administrator of Estates and as Guardian, Secsiver, Registrar, Transfe-and Financial Agent for States, railroads and and Financia,
CorporationWessend, President,
JOHN F. TOWNSEND, President,
CHARLES T. BAINEY, Vice-President,
JOSEPH T. BROWN, 2d Vice-President,
FREDE I. ELDRIDGE, Secretary,
J. HENRY TOWNSEND, Ass't Secretary.

Borrowers on Mortgage

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